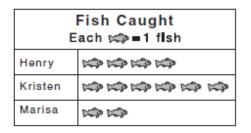
### **Warmup**

Look at the graph. How many fish did Henry and Kristen catch all together? Write a number sentence to support your answer.



4 6 10 12 A B C D

Write these numbers in expanded notation

12

104 \_\_\_\_\_

68

185 \_\_\_\_\_

Show your answer on a bar model, ten frame or number line

Draw coins to show \$.35 two different ways

### **Grade 2- Comparing Numbers**

- NS 1.2 Use words, models, and expanded forms to represent numbers
- NS 1.3 Order and compare whole numbers to 1,000 by using the symbols <, =, >.
- 2.NBT.3 Read and write numbers to 1,000 using base-ten numerals, number names and expanded form
- 2.NBT.4 Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens and ones digits, using >,
- =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons.

### **Objectives**:

- Students will build two digit numbers with concrete models.
- Students will write expanded notation with number models.
- Students will compare numbers using their models and drawings.
- Students will express the numbers as inequalities using greater than and less than symbols.

Vocabulary: greater than, less than, place value

#### Model:

Build 2 digit numbers using the tens and ones blocks. Show how to draw the number model and attach the expanded notation to the written model.

#### We do:

Give students 3 numbers to build, draw and write in expanded notation. Have them work with a partner to check each other's numbers for correct models and justify their answer. Choose students to show their work to the class and explain their models and drawings.

When students justify their answer, ask questions that deepen their understanding of using tens and ones "Why can't we just count out 36 ones to represent the number?"

\*Extension- build 3 digit numbers when students are comfortable with 2 digit numbers.

#### Model:

Choose 2 numbers to compare (62 and 56). Ask students if they know which is the larger or "greater" number. They may be able to identify which is greater, but tell them they will need to prove it.

- Model drawing each number and writing the expanded notation on the practice page.
- Show how the 60 in 62 has more tens than 50 in 56 in the drawing and in expanded notation.
- Ask why 62 is more than 56? (Answer: because 62 has 6 tens and 56 has only 5 tens)
- Ask why 56 isn't greater than 62 because it has 6 ones which is more than 2 ones. Students will have to explain that the 10s are worth more than the ones.

### We do:

- Students should compare 42 and 24 along with you. They should use the Comparing Numbers practice page provided, creating drawings and adding expanded notation.
- Students compare their drawings with their partners deciding which number is greater and which number is the least.
- Students compare 74 and 77 on the practice template and discuss with their partner which is the greatest and the least.
- Choose one set of partners to show their work to the class.
- Ask them why 77 is larger. Encourage a class conversation about the fact that with these two numbers there are the same tens, so to figure out which is greatest, they need to look at the ones.

### You try:

- Teach students to play a game called "The Greatest Number" in pairs.
- Each pair of students receives 1 set of number cards 1-9 or playing cards minus the 10 and face cards.
- Each student in the pair takes turn choosing 2 cards and making the biggest number they can. There is a place for each partner to write their name and number on the recording sheet.
- The students should draw models and write the expanded notation for each number on their sheet.
- Students decide which number is greater and put a star next to the greatest number in the box.
- The student who has the greatest number should justify their reasoning by referring to the documentation on their sheet.
- Both partners record the numbers as an inequality in the "Compare" column.

One side of the game recording sheet is for 2 digit numbers, and one side is for 3 digits. After the students have played for 5-10 minutes, have a few partners justify their greatest numbers to the class.

\*Extension: Have students play "The Least Number". Students should attempt to make the least number they can out of the cards drawn.

Students can play with 3 digit numbers by choosing 3 cards instead of 2.

### **Application to word problems:**

Model word problem with the class and then have students do one on their own. You can use this as an "exit ticket" to check for understanding.

# **Practice Building Numbers**

Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>
	+
	+
	+
	+

# **Practice Comparing Numbers**

<b>Model Drawing</b>	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
	+	is greater than
	+	

Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
	+	is greater than
	+	

# **Greatest Number Game**

	Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		+	
Partner 2:			is greater than
		+	is equal to

	Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		+	
			• 4 41
Partner 2:			is greater than
		+	is equal to

# **Greatest Number Game**

<b>Model Drawing</b>	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
	++	
		is greater than
	++	is equal to
	Model Drawing	++

	Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		++	
Partner 2:			is greater than
		++	is equal to

Lisa has 68 marbles. Josh has 86 marbles. Who has the most marbles? Who has the least marbles? Show how you know.

**Draw Model** 

**Expanded Notation** 

**68** 

86

# **Compare**

\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_ is greater than\_\_\_\_

is less than

The second graders were taking a field trip. One bus carried 132 kids and the other bus carried 123 kids. Which bus has the most kids? Show how you know.

**Draw Model** 

**Expanded Notation** 

123

132

Comp	are
is greater than	is less than

Mrs. Jackson made cookies for her class. She put 146 chocolate chips and 163 raisins into the batter. Did she use more chocolate chips or raisins? Show how you know.

**Draw Model** 

**Expanded Notation** 

146

163

Compa	are	
is greater than	is less than	

# **Least Number**

	Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		+	
Partner 2:			is less than
		+	is equal to

	<b>Model Drawing</b>	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		+	
Partner 2:			is less than
		+	is equal to

# **Least Number**

	<b>Model Drawing</b>	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		++	
Partner 2:			is less than
		++	is equal to

	Model Drawing	<b>Expanded Notation</b>	Compare
Partner 1:			
		+	
Partner 2:			is less than
		++	is equal to